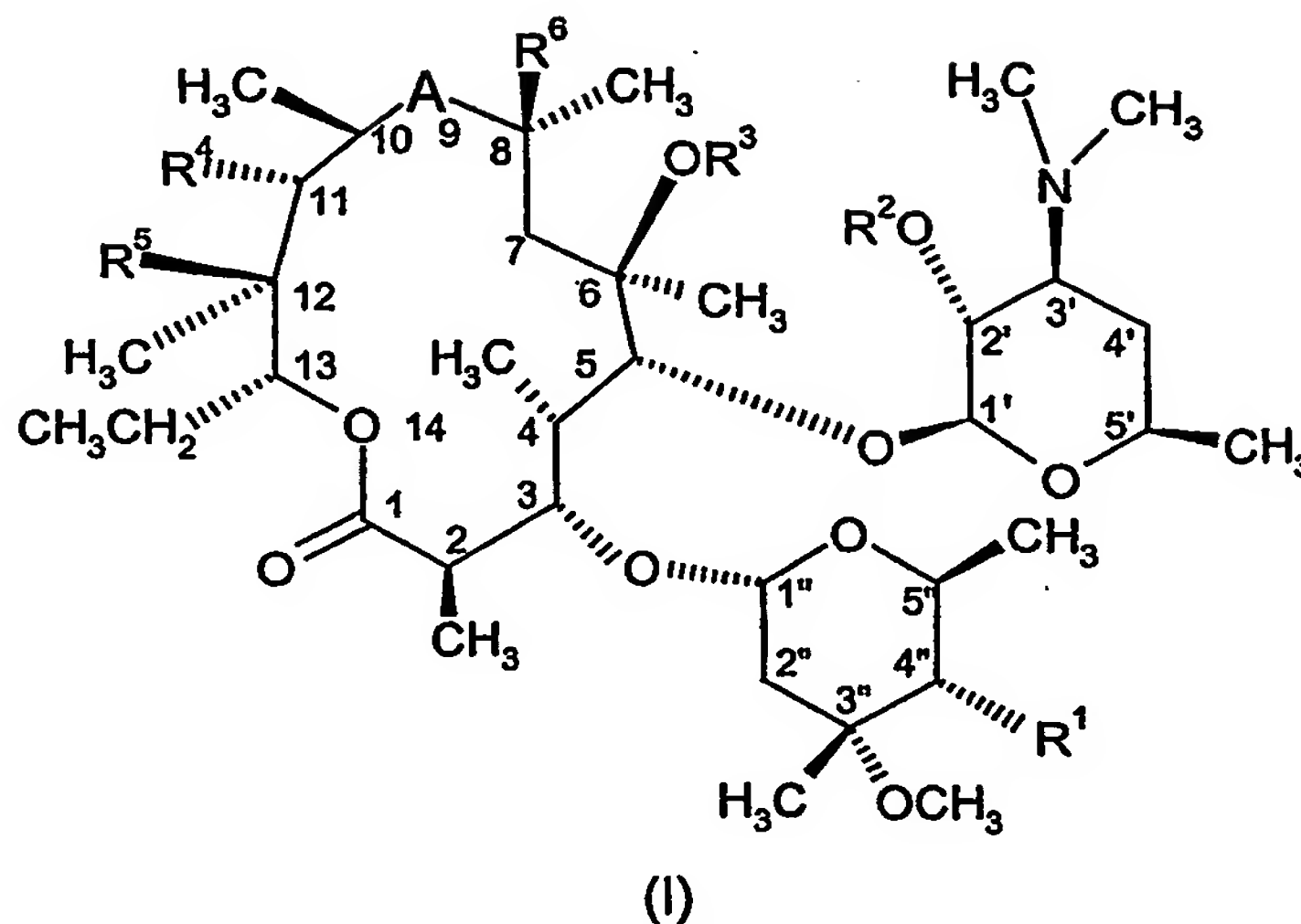


## CLAIMS

1. A compound of formula (I)



wherein

- A is a bivalent radical selected from  $-C(O)-$ ,  $-C(O)NH-$ ,  $-NHC(O)-$ ,  $-N(R^7)-CH_2-$ ,  $-CH_2-$ ,  $N(R^7)-$ ,  $-CH(NR^8R^9)-$  and  $-C(=NR^{10})-$ ;

$R^1$  is  $-O(CH_2)_dXR^{11}$ ;

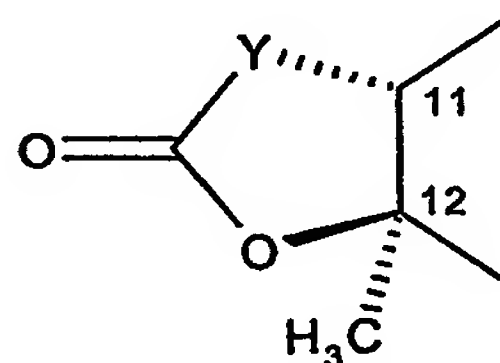
$R^2$  is hydrogen or a hydroxyl protecting group;

$R^3$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or  $C_{3-6}$ alkenyl optionally substituted by 9 to 10 membered fused bicyclic heteroaryl;

- $R^4$  is hydroxy,  $C_{3-6}$ alkenyloxy optionally substituted by 9 to 10 membered fused bicyclic heteroaryl, or  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy optionally substituted by  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy or  $-O(CH_2)_eNR^7R^{12}$ ,

$R^5$  is hydroxy, or

$R^4$  and  $R^5$  taken together with the intervening atoms form a cyclic group having the following structure:



wherein Y is a bivalent radical selected from  $-CH_2-$ ,  $-CH(CN)-$ ,  $-O-$ ,  $-N(R^{13})-$  and  $-CH(SR^{13})-$ ;

$R^6$  is hydrogen or fluorine;

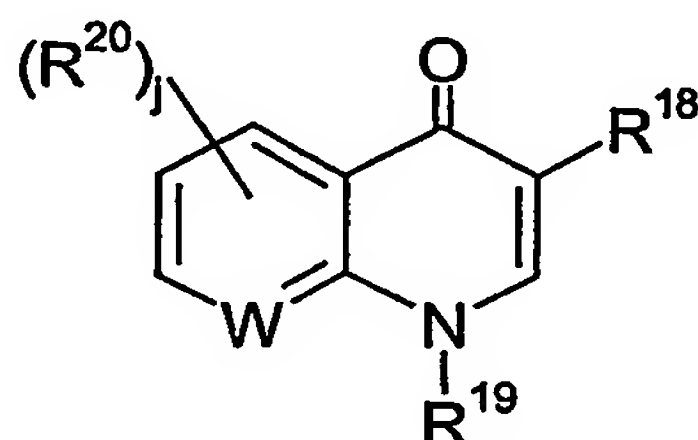
$R^7$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;

- $R^8$  and  $R^9$  are each independently hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $-C(=NR^{10})NR^{14}R^{15}$  or  $-C(O)R^{14}$ , or

$R^8$  and  $R^9$  together form  $=CH(CR^{14}R^{15})_f$ aryl,  $=CH(CR^{14}R^{15})_f$ heterocyclyl,  $=CR^{14}R^{15}$  or  $=C(R^{14})C(O)OR^{14}$ , wherein the alkyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted by up to three groups independently selected from  $R^{16}$ ;

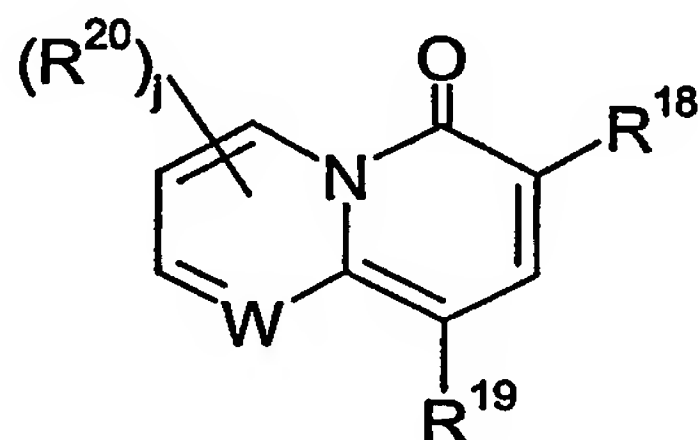
$R^{10}$  is  $-OR^{17}$ ,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $-(CH_2)_g$ aryl,  $-(CH_2)_g$ heterocyclyl or  $-(CH_2)_hO(CH_2)_iOR^7$ ,  
 5 wherein each  $R^{10}$  group is optionally substituted by up to three groups independently selected from  $R^{16}$ ;

$R^{11}$  is a heterocyclic group having the following structure:



10

or



$R^{12}$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;

15  $R^{13}$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl optionally substituted by a group selected from optionally substituted phenyl, optionally substituted 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl and optionally substituted 9 to 10 membered fused bicyclic heteroaryl;

$R^{14}$  and  $R^{15}$  are each independently hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;

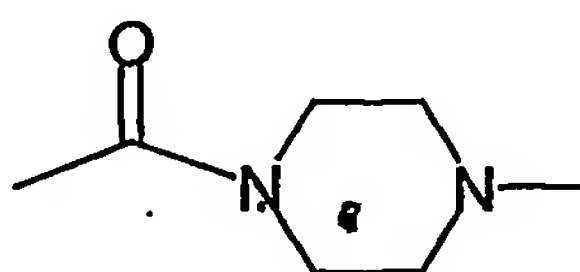
$R^{16}$  is halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, azido,  $-C(O)R^{21}$ ,  $-C(O)OR^{21}$ ,  $-OC(O)R^{21}$ ,  $-OC(O)OR^{21}$ ,  $-NR^{22}C(O)R^{23}$ ,  $-C(O)NR^{22}R^{23}$ ,  $-NR^{22}R^{23}$ , hydroxy,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $-S(O)_kC_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy,  $-(CH_2)_m$ aryl or  $-(CH_2)_m$ heteroaryl, wherein the alkoxy group is optionally substituted by up to three groups independently selected from  $-NR^{14}R^{15}$ , halogen and  $-OR^{14}$ , and the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted by up to five groups independently selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, azido,  $-C(O)R^{24}$ ,  $-C(O)OR^{24}$ ,  $-OC(O)OR^{24}$ ,  $-NR^{25}C(O)R^{26}$ ,  $-C(O)NR^{25}R^{26}$ ,  $-NR^{25}R^{26}$ , hydroxy,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl and  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy;

25  $R^{17}$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-6}$ alkenyl or a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclic group, wherein the alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl and heterocyclic groups are optionally substituted by up to three substituents independently selected from optionally substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclic group, optionally substituted 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl,  $-OR^{27}$ ,  $-S(O)_nR^{27}$ ,  $-NR^{27}R^{28}$ ,  $-CONR^{27}R^{28}$ , halogen and cyano;

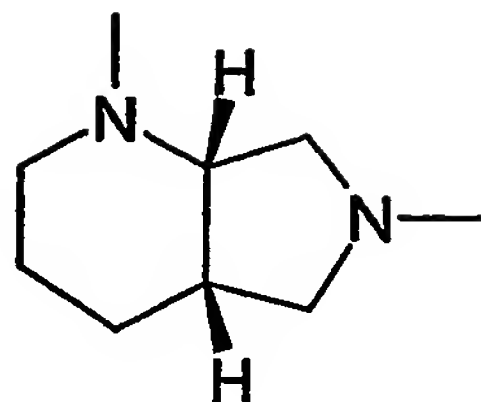
30  $R^{18}$  is hydrogen,  $-C(O)OR^{29}$ ,  $-C(O)NHR^{29}$ ,  $-C(O)CH_2NO_2$  or  $-C(O)CH_2SO_2R^7$ ;

- R<sup>19</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl optionally substituted by hydroxy or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted phenyl or benzyl;
- R<sup>20</sup> is halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>thioalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -NH(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl) or -N(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>;
- 5 R<sup>21</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-10</sub>alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub>aryl or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub>heteroaryl;
- R<sup>22</sup> and R<sup>23</sup> are each independently hydrogen, -OR<sup>14</sup>, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>aryl or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>heterocyclyl;
- R<sup>24</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-10</sub>alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>aryl or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>heteroaryl;
- R<sup>25</sup> and R<sup>26</sup> are each independently hydrogen, -OR<sup>14</sup>, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>s</sub>aryl or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>s</sub>heterocyclyl;
- 10 R<sup>27</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are each independently hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;
- R<sup>29</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl optionally substituted by up to three groups independently selected from halogen, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy optionally substituted by phenyl or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, -C(O)C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -C(O)OC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -OC(O)C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -OC(O)OC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -C(O)NR<sup>32</sup>R<sup>33</sup>, -NR<sup>32</sup>R<sup>33</sup> and phenyl optionally substituted by nitro or -C(O)OC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl,
- 15 -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>w</sub>C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>w</sub>heterocyclyl,
- 20 -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>w</sub>heteroaryl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>w</sub>aryl, C<sub>3-6</sub>alkenyl, or C<sub>3-6</sub>alkynyl;
- R<sup>30</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, optionally substituted phenyl or benzyl, acetyl or benzoyl;
- 25 R<sup>31</sup> is hydrogen or R<sup>20</sup>, or R<sup>31</sup> and R<sup>19</sup> are linked to form the bivalent radical -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>- or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>;
- R<sup>32</sup> and R<sup>33</sup> are each independently hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl optionally substituted by phenyl or -C(O)OC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, or
- 30 R<sup>32</sup> and R<sup>33</sup>, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound, form a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclic group optionally containing one additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur;
- X is -U(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>B-, -U(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>- or a group selected from:

35



and



U and B are independently a divalent radical selected from  $-N(R^{30})-$ ,  $-O-$ ,  $-S(O)_2-$ ,  $-N(R^{30})C(O)-$ ,  $-C(O)N(R^{30})-$  and  $-N[C(O)R^{30}]-$ ;

5 W is  $-C(R^{31})-$  or a nitrogen atom;

d is an integer from 2 to 6;

e is an integer from 2 to 4;

f, g, h, m, p, q, r, s and w are each independently integers from 0 to 4;

i is an integer from 1 to 6;

10 j, k, n and z are each independently integers from 0 to 2;

t is 2 or 3;

v is an integer from 1 to 8;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof.

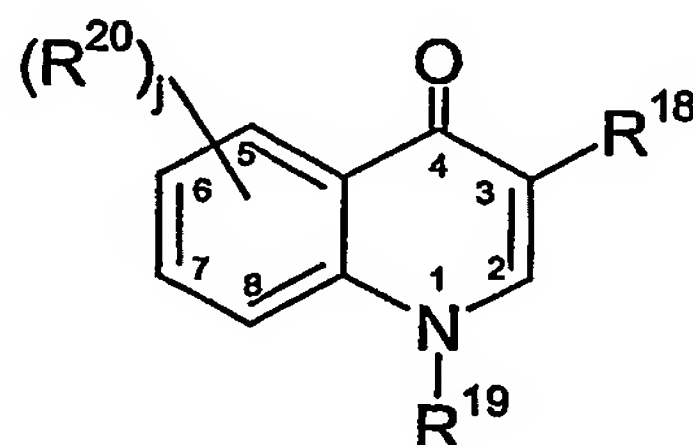
15 2. A compound according to claim 1 wherein A is  $-C(O)-$  or  $-N(R^7)-CH_2-$ .

3. A compound according to claim 1 or claim 2 wherein X is  $-U(CH_2)_vB-$  or  $-U(CH_2)_v$ .

4. A compound according to any one of the preceding claims wherein d is 2 or 3.

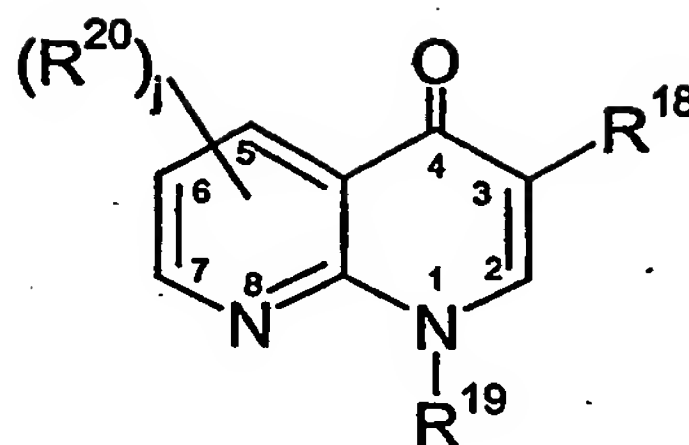
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5. A compound according to any one of the preceding claims wherein  $R^{11}$  is a heterocyclic group of the following formula:



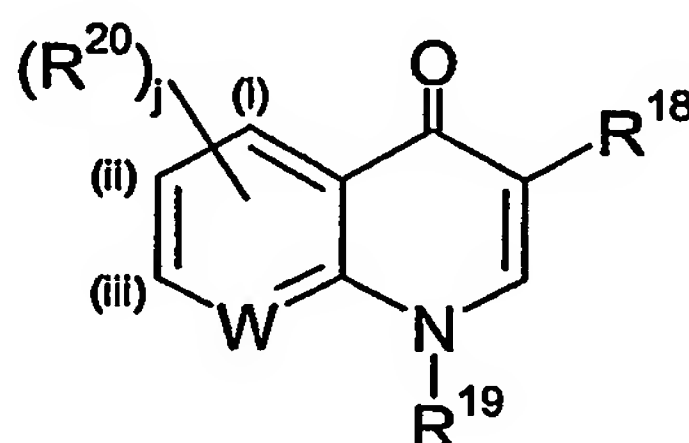
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or

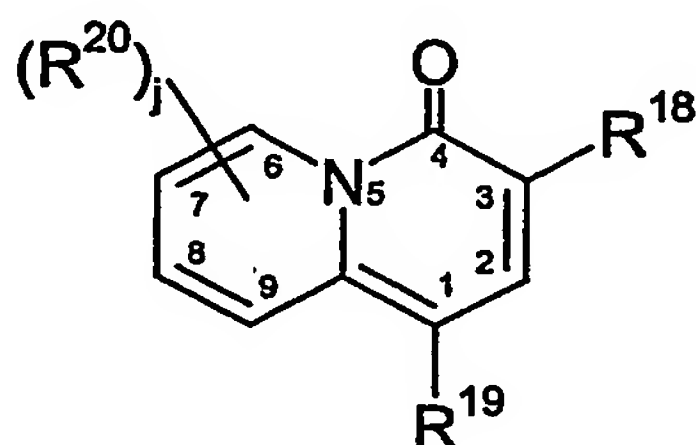


wherein the heterocyclic is linked in the 6 or 7 position and j, R<sup>18</sup>, R<sup>19</sup> and R<sup>20</sup> are as defined in claim 1;

5 a heterocyclic group of the following formula:



wherein the heterocyclic is linked in the (ii) or (iii) position, W is -C(R<sup>31</sup>)- and R<sup>31</sup> and R<sup>19</sup> are linked to form the bivalent radical -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>- as defined in claim 1, and j, R<sup>18</sup>, R<sup>19</sup> and R<sup>20</sup> are as defined in claim 1; or  
10 a heterocyclic group of the following formula:



15 wherein the heterocyclic is linked in the 7 or 8 position and j, R<sup>18</sup>, R<sup>19</sup> and R<sup>20</sup> are as defined in claim 1.

6. A compound according to claim 1 as defined in any one of Examples 1 to 42, or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof.

20

7. A compound selected from:

4"-O-(2-[[2-(3-carboxy-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-quinolin-7-ylamino)-ethyl]-methylamino]-ethyl)-6-O-methyl-erythromycin A 11,12-carbonate;

4"-O-(3-[[2-(3-carboxy-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-quinolin-7-ylamino)ethyl]-methylamino]-propyl)-6-O-methyl-erythromycin A 11,12-carbonate;

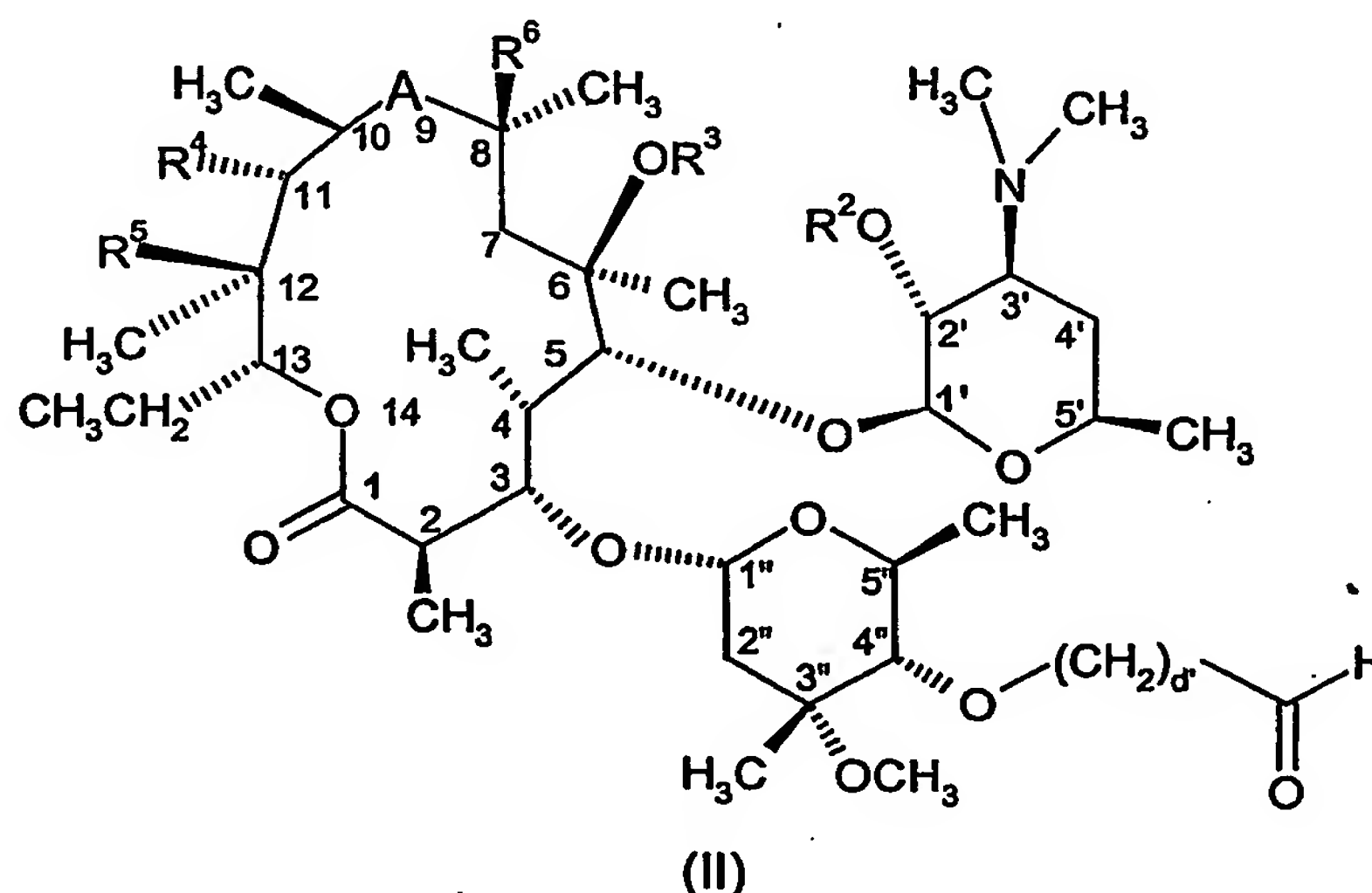
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4"-O-{3-[2-(2-carboxy-1-oxo-6,7-dihydro-1*H*,5*H*-pyrido[3,2,1-*ij*]quinoline-9-yloxy)-ethylamino]-propyl}-6-O-methyl-erythromycin A 11,12-carbonate;

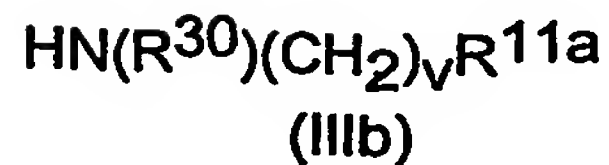
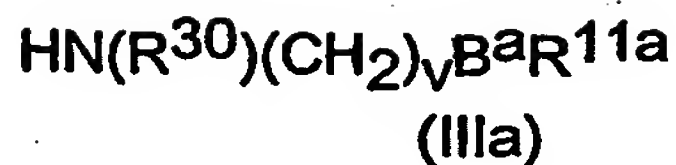
- 4"-O-(3-[[3-(3-carboxy-1-ethyl-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-quinolin-6-yl)propyl]-methylamino]-propyl)-6-O-methyl-erythromycin A 11,12-carbonate;
- 4"-O-(3-[[2-(3-carboxy-1-ethyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-[1,8]naphthyridin-7-ylamino)ethyl]-methylamino]-propyl)-6-O-methyl-erythromycin A 11,12-carbonate;
- 5 4"-O-{2-[2-(3-carboxy-1-ethyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-[1,8]naphthyridin-7-ylamino)ethyl]-methylamino}-ethyl}-6-O-methyl-erythromycin A;
- 4"-O-3-[[3-(3-carboxy-1-ethyl-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-quinolin-6-yl)-propyl]-methylamino]-propyl)-6-O-methyl-11-desoxy-11-(R)-amino-erythromycin A 11,12-carbamate;
- 4"-O-3-[[2-(3-carboxy-1-ethyl-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-quinolin-6-ylsulfanyl)-ethyl]-methylamino]-propyl)-6-O-methyl-11-desoxy-11-(R)-amino-erythromycin A 11,12-carbamate;
- 10 4"-O-{3-[2-(3-carboxy-7-chloro-1-cyclopropyl-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-quinolin-6-ylamino)-ethylcarbamoyl]-propyl}-azithromycin;
- 4"-O-{2-[2-(3-carboxy-6-fluoro-1-cyclopropyl-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-quinolin-7-ylamino)-ethylamino]-ethyl}-azithromycin 11,12-cyclic carbonate;
- 15 4"-O-{2-[2-(3-carboxy-7-chloro-1-cyclopropyl-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-quinolin-6-ylamino)-ethylamino]-ethyl}-azithromycin; and
- 4"-O-{2-[2-(3-carboxy-6-fluoro-1-cyclopropyl-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-quinolin-7-ylamino)-ethylamino]-ethyl}-azithromycin;
- 20 or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof.

8. A process for the preparation of a compound as claimed in claim 1 which comprises:

- 25 a) reacting a compound of formula (II)

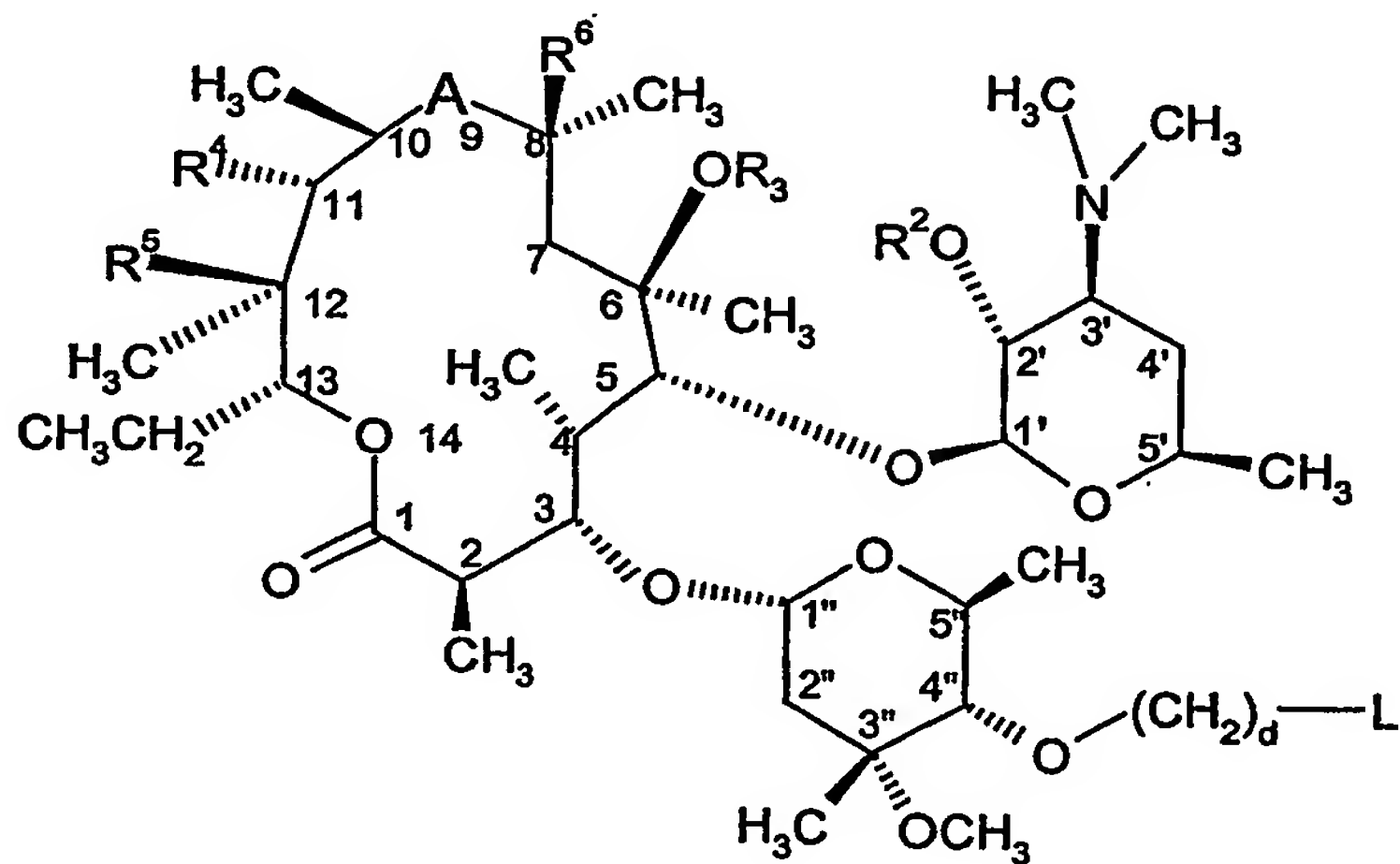






5 with a suitable amine (IIIa) or (IIIb), wherein B<sup>a</sup> and R<sup>11a</sup> are B and R<sup>11</sup> as defined in claim 1 or groups convertible to B and R<sup>11</sup>;

b) reacting a compound of formula (V)



(V)

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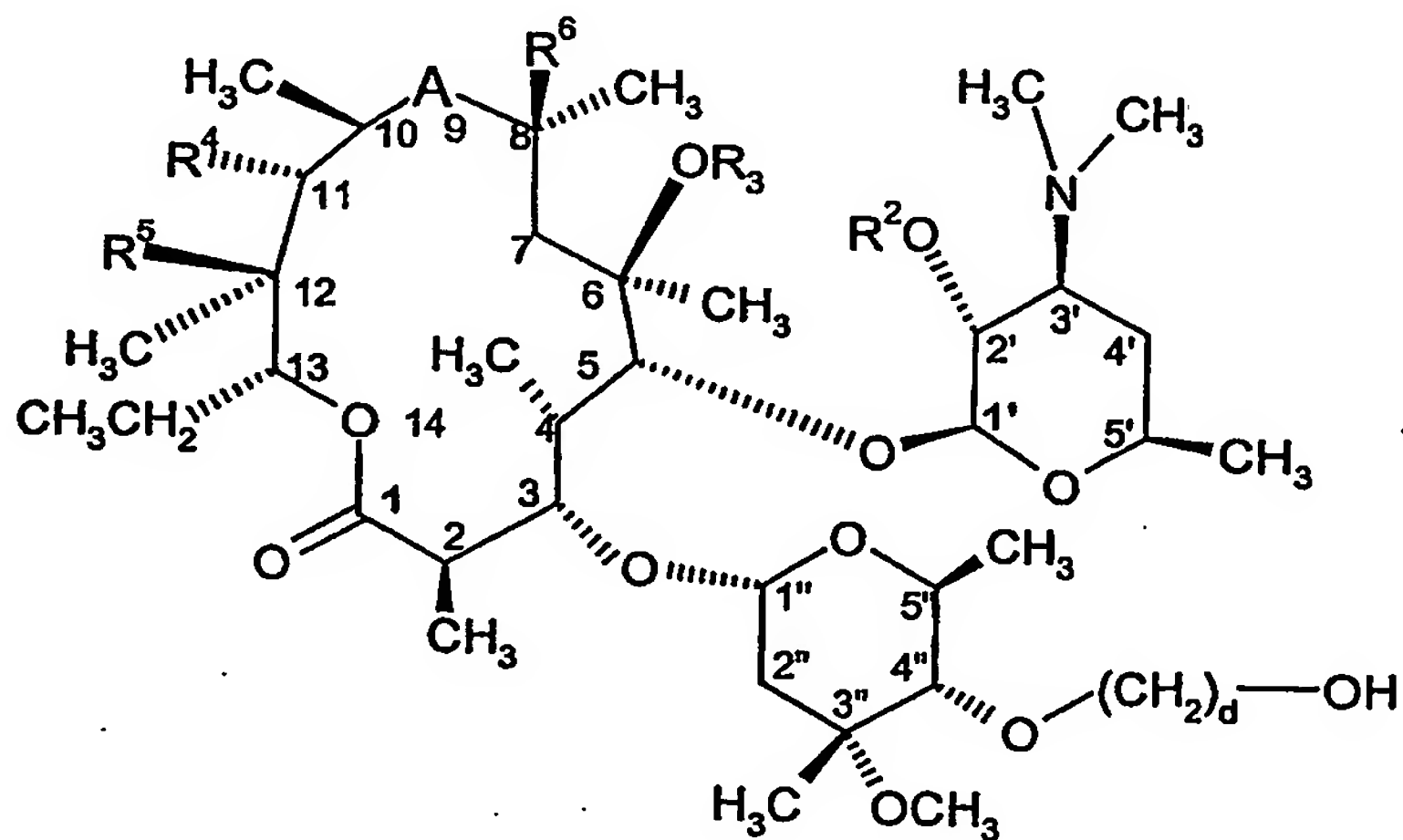
with a compound of formula X<sup>a</sup>R<sup>11a</sup> (IV), wherein R<sup>11a</sup> is R<sup>11</sup> as defined in claim 1 or a group convertible to R<sup>11</sup> and X<sup>a</sup> is -U(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>V</sub>- or -U(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>V</sub>B-, or a group convertible to -U(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>V</sub>- or -U(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>V</sub>B-, in which U is a group selected from -N(R<sup>30</sup>)- and -S-, and L is suitable leaving group, to produce a compound of formula (I) wherein U is a group selected from -N(R<sup>30</sup>)- and -S-;

15

c) converting one compound of formula (I) into another compound of formula (I);

d) where U is -O-, reacting a compound of formula (VII)

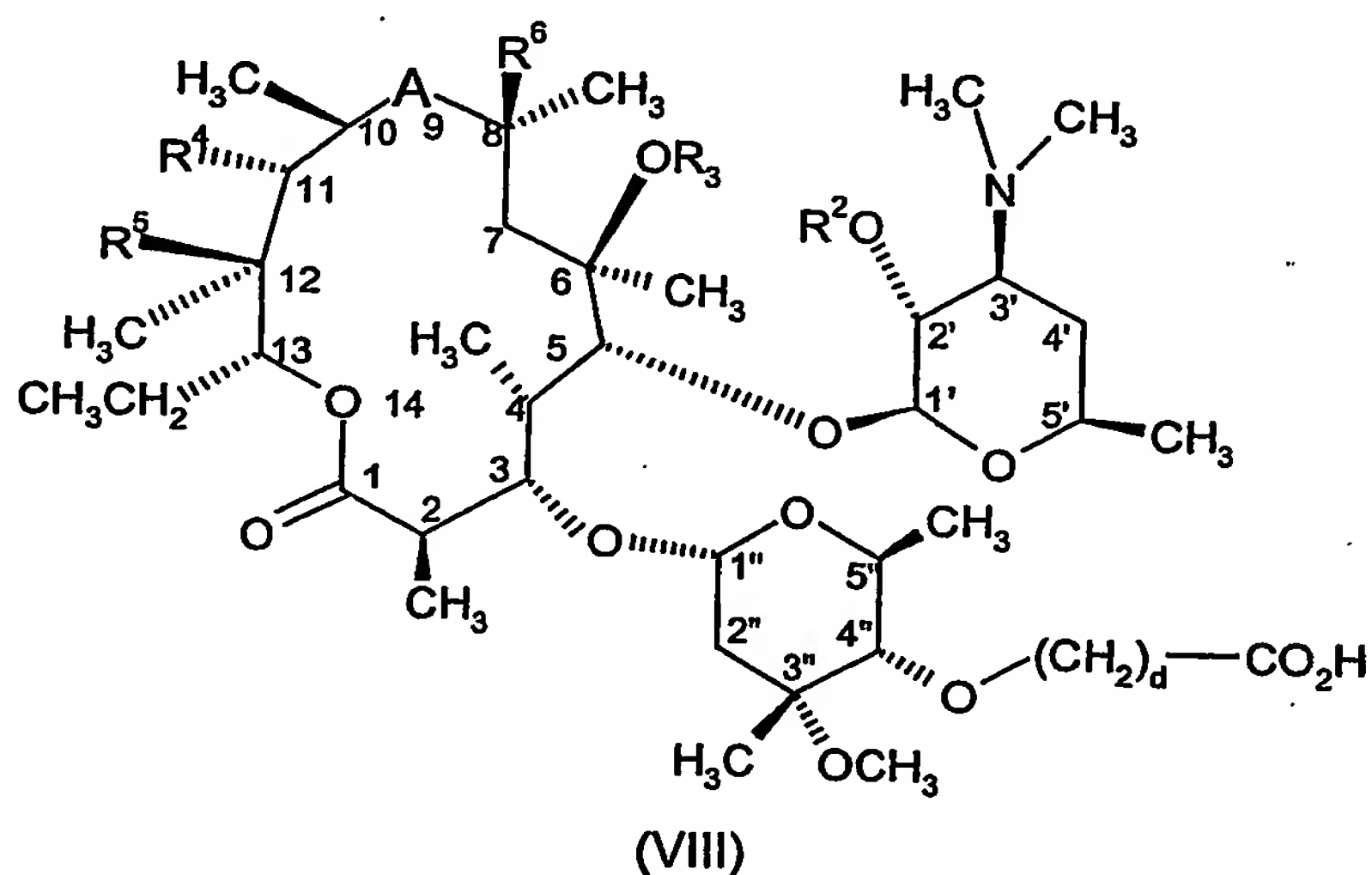
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(VII)

with a suitable compound of formula  $XaR^{11a}$  in the presence of a catalyst; or

- 5 e) where U is  $-C(O)N(R^{30})-$ , reacting a compound of formula (VIII)



with a suitable amine compound,

10

and thereafter, if required, subjecting the resulting compound to one or more of the following operations:

- i) removal of the protecting group  $R^2$ ,
- ii) conversion of  $XaR^{11a}$  to  $XR^{11}$ ,
- 15 iii) conversion of  $BaR^{11a}$  to  $R^{11}$ ,
- iv) conversion of  $R^{11a}$  to  $R^{11}$ ,
- and
- v) conversion of the resultant compound of formula (I) into a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof.

20

9. A compound as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7 for use in therapy.

10. The use of a compound as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7 in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the treatment or prophylaxis of systemic or topical microbial infections in a human or animal body.

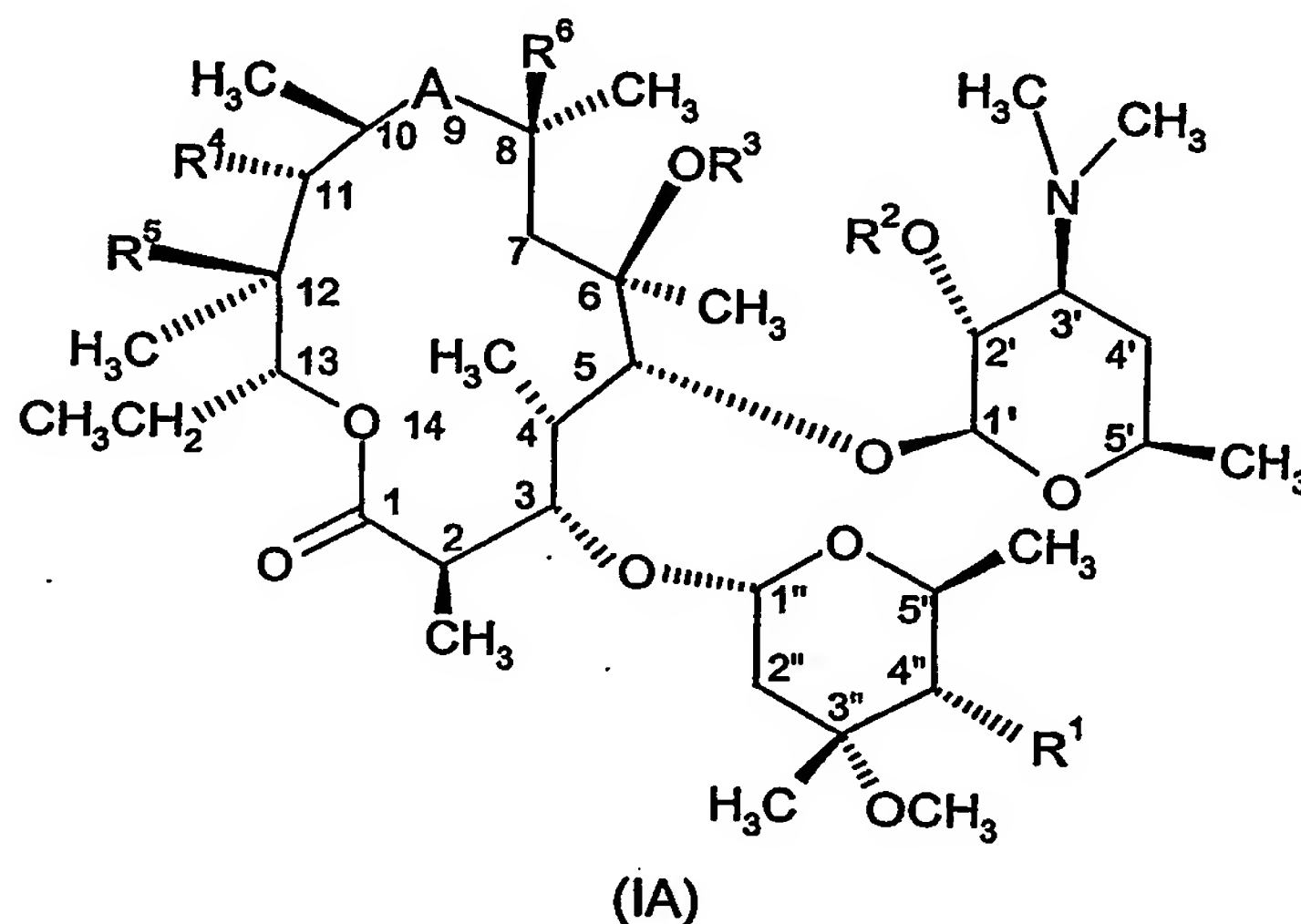
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11. The use of a compound as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7 for use in the treatment or prophylaxis of systemic or topical microbial infections in a human or animal body.

30

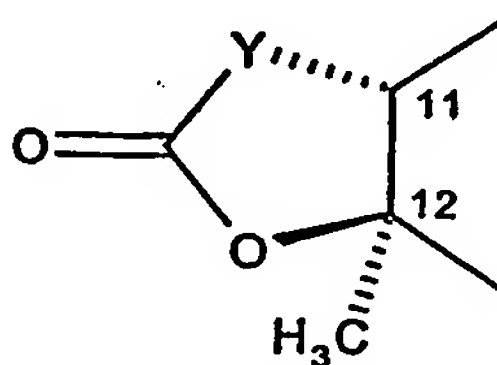


12. A method for the treatment of the human or non-human animal body to combat microbial infection comprising administration to a body in need of such treatment of an effective amount of a compound as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7.
13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7 in association with a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient, diluent and/or carrier.
14. A compound of formula (IA)



wherein

- A is a bivalent radical selected from  $-C(O)-$ ,  $-C(O)NH-$ ,  $-NHC(O)-$ ,  $-N(R^7)-CH_2-$ ,  $-CH_2-N(R^7)-$ ,  $-CH(NR^8R^9)-$  and  $-C(=NR^{10})-$ ;
- $R^1$  is  $-O(CH_2)_dXR^{11}$ ;
- $R^2$  is hydrogen or a hydroxyl protecting group;
- $R^3$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, or  $C_{3-6}$ alkenyl optionally substituted by 9 to 10 membered fused bicyclic heteroaryl;
- $R^4$  is hydroxy,  $C_{3-6}$ alkenyloxy optionally substituted by 9 to 10 membered fused bicyclic heteroaryl, or  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy optionally substituted by  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy or  $-O(CH_2)_eNR^7R^{12}$ ,
- $R^5$  is hydroxy, or
- $R^4$  and  $R^5$  taken together with the intervening atoms form a cyclic group having the following structure:



wherein Y is a bivalent radical selected from  $-CH_2-$ ,  $-CH(CN)-$ ,  $-O-$ ,  $-N(R^{13})-$  and  $-CH(SR^{13})-$ ;

R<sup>6</sup> is hydrogen or fluorine;

R<sup>7</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

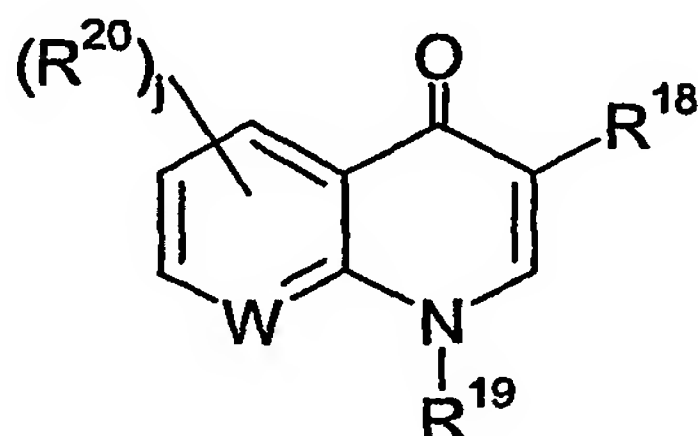
R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are each independently hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -C(=NR<sup>10</sup>)NR<sup>14</sup>R<sup>15</sup> or -C(O)R<sup>14</sup>, or

- 5 R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> together form =CH(CR<sup>14</sup>R<sup>15</sup>)<sub>f</sub>aryl, =CH(CR<sup>14</sup>R<sup>15</sup>)<sub>f</sub>heterocyclyl, =CR<sup>14</sup>R<sup>15</sup> or =C(R<sup>14</sup>)C(O)OR<sup>14</sup>, wherein the alkyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted by up to three groups independently selected from R<sup>16</sup>;

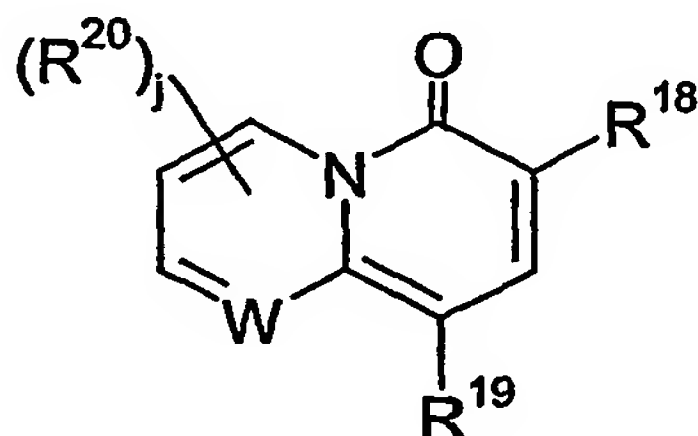
R<sup>10</sup> is -OR<sup>17</sup>, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>g</sub>aryl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>g</sub>heterocyclyl or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>h</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>i</sub>OR<sup>7</sup>, wherein each R<sup>10</sup> group is optionally substituted by up to three groups independently

10

selected from R<sup>16</sup>;  
R<sup>11</sup> is a heterocyclic group having the following structure:



15 or



R<sup>12</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

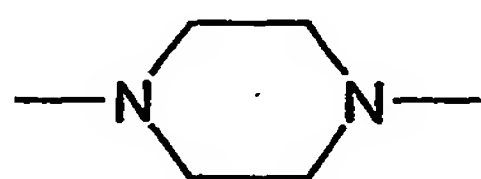
- 20 R<sup>13</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl substituted by a group selected from optionally substituted phenyl, optionally substituted 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl and optionally substituted 9 to 10 membered fused bicyclic heteroaryl;

R<sup>14</sup> and R<sup>15</sup> are each independently hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

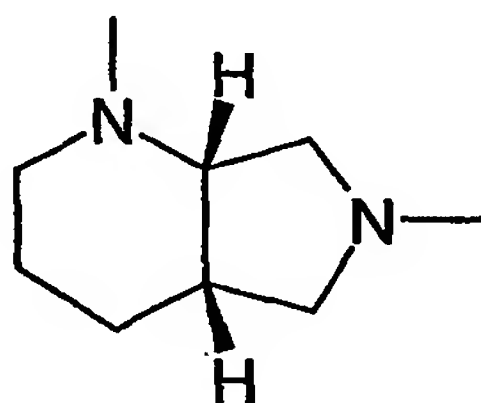
- 25 R<sup>16</sup> is halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, azido, -C(O)R<sup>21</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>21</sup>, -OC(O)R<sup>21</sup>, -OC(O)OR<sup>21</sup>, -NR<sup>22</sup>C(O)R<sup>23</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>22</sup>R<sup>23</sup>, -NR<sup>22</sup>R<sup>23</sup>, hydroxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -S(O)<sub>k</sub>C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>aryl or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>heteroaryl, wherein the alkoxy group is optionally substituted by up to three groups independently selected from -NR<sup>14</sup>R<sup>15</sup>, halogen and -OR<sup>14</sup>, and the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted by up to five groups independently selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, azido, -C(O)R<sup>24</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>24</sup>, -OC(O)OR<sup>24</sup>, -NR<sup>25</sup>C(O)R<sup>26</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>25</sup>R<sup>26</sup>, -NR<sup>25</sup>R<sup>26</sup>,  
30 hydroxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl and C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy;

R<sup>17</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub>alkenyl or a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclic group, wherein the alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl and heterocyclic groups are optionally substituted by up to three substituents independently selected from optionally

- substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclic group, optionally substituted 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl,  $-OR^{27}$ ,  $-S(O)_nR^{27}$ ,  $-NR^{27}R^{28}$ ,  $-CONR^{27}R^{28}$ , halogen and cyano;  
 $R^{18}$  is hydrogen,  $-C(O)OR^{29}$ ,  $-C(O)NHR^{29}$  or  $-C(O)CH_2NO_2$ ;  
 $R^{19}$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl optionally substituted by hydroxy or  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted phenyl or benzyl;  
 $R^{20}$  is halogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ thioalkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $-NH_2$ ,  $-NH(C_{1-4}alkyl)$  or  $-N(C_{1-4}alkyl)_2$ ;  
 $R^{21}$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1-10}$ alkyl,  $-(CH_2)_p$ aryl or  $-(CH_2)_p$ heteroaryl;  
 $R^{22}$  and  $R^{23}$  are each independently hydrogen,  $-OR^{14}$ ,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $-(CH_2)_q$ aryl or  $-(CH_2)_q$ heterocyclyl;  
 $R^{24}$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1-10}$ alkyl,  $-(CH_2)_r$ aryl or  $-(CH_2)_r$ heteroaryl;  
 $R^{25}$  and  $R^{26}$  are each independently hydrogen,  $-OR^{14}$ ,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $-(CH_2)_s$ aryl or  $-(CH_2)_s$ heterocyclyl;  
 $R^{27}$  and  $R^{28}$  are each independently hydrogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl;  
 $R^{29}$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl optionally substituted by up to three groups independently selected from halogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $-OC(O)C_{1-6}alkyl$  and  $-OC(O)OC_{1-6}alkyl$ ;  
 $R^{30}$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted phenyl or benzyl, acetyl or benzoyl;  
 $R^{31}$  is hydrogen or  $R^{20}$ , or  $R^{31}$  and  $R^{19}$  are linked to form the bivalent radical  $-O(CH_2)_2-$  or  $-(CH_2)_t-$ ;  
 $X$  is  $-U(CH_2)_vB-$ ,  $-U(CH_2)_v-$  or a group selected from:



and



- $U$  and  $B$  are independently a divalent radical selected from  $-N(R^{30})-$ ,  $-O-$ ,  $-S(O)_z-$ ,  $-N(R^{30})C(O)-$ ,  $-C(O)N(R^{30})-$  and  $-N[C(O)R^{30}]-$ ;  
 $W$  is  $-C(R^{31})-$  or a nitrogen atom;  
 $d$  is an integer from 2 to 6;  
 $e$  is an integer from 2 to 4;  
 $f$ ,  $g$ ,  $h$ ,  $m$ ,  $p$ ,  $q$ ,  $r$  and  $s$  are each independently integers from 0 to 4;  
 $i$  is an integer from 1 to 6;  
 $j$ ,  $k$ ,  $n$  and  $z$  are each independently integers from 0 to 2;  
 $t$  is 2 or 3;  
 $v$  is an integer from 2 to 8;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof.

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